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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/619,520	07/14/2003	W.O. Richter	1328/2/2	8231
25297 7590 09/08/2005			EXAMINER	
•	ILSON & TAYLOR,	HADDAD, I	HADDAD, MAHER M	
3100 TOWER BLVD SUITE 1400 DURHAM, NC 27707			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1644	

DATE MAILED: 09/08/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)		
Office Action Summary		10/619,520	RICHTER ET AL.		
		Examiner	Art Unit		
		Maher M. Haddad	1644		
The M/ Period for Reply	AILING DATE of this communication app	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address		
A SHORTENE WHICHEVER - Extensions of tim after SIX (6) MOI - If NO period for rr - Failure to reply w Any reply receive	ED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE of the may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Ply is specified above, the maximum statutory period within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, and by the Office later than three months after the mailing of madjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status	•				
1)⊠ Respon	sive to communication(s) filed on <u>14 Ju</u>	<i>ıly</i> 2003.			
2a)☐ This act	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.				
•	- ''				
closed i	n accordance with the practice under E	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	i3 O.G. 213.		
Disposition of CI	aims				
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-18</u> is/are pending in the application.				
4a) Of th	e above claim(s) is/are withdrav	wn from consideration.			
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.				
) is/are rejected.				
) is/are objected to.				
8)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-18</u> are subject to restriction and/or e	election requirement.			
Application Pape	ers				
9) The spec	cification is objected to by the Examine	r.			
10) ☐ The drav	ving(s) filed on is/are: a)□ acce	epted or b)□ objected to by the l	Examiner.		
Applican	t may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	∋ 37 CFR 1.85(a).		
Replacer	ment drawing sheet(s) including the correct	ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
11)☐ The oath	or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.		
Priority under 35	U.S.C. § 119	•			
a)□ All b	edgment is made of a claim for foreign o)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:		-(d) or (f).		
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Attachment(s)	Ou 1/222	, ,			
	ences Cited (PTO-892) person's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da			
3) Information Disc	closure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	5) 🔲 Notice of Informal P	atent Application (PTO-152)		
Paper No(s)/Mai	II Uate	6)			

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Applicant is reminded that "use" claims are non-statutory and are not appropriate for US practice (see MPEP 2173.05(q)).

For examination purposes "use" claims are interpreted as a method of the first recited "use".

- 2. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. § 121:
 - I. Claims 2-4, 8-12 and 16-17, drawn to a method for in vitro treatment and/or prophylaxis of microcirculatory disorders and/or for influencing the rheology of a mammal using a peptide ligand, classified in Class 435, subclass 2.
 - II. Claims 5, 7-12 and 16-17, drawn to a method for in vitro treatment and/or prophylaxis of microcirculatory disorders and/or for influencing the rheology of a mammal using an antibody ligand, wherein the antibody ligand is <u>anti-fibrinogen</u> antibodies, classified in Class 435, subclass 7.1.
 - III. Claims 5, 7-12 and 16-17, drawn to a method for in vitro treatment and/or prophylaxis of microcirculatory disorders and/or for influencing the rheology of a mammal using an antibody ligand, wherein the antibody ligand is <u>anti-fibrin</u> antibodies, classified in Class 435, subclass 7.1.
 - IV. Claims 13-15, drawn to an adsorber column comprising a matrix and a ligand, wherein the ligand has a specificity for fibrin, classified in Class 436, subclass 518.
 - V. Claim 18, drawn to pharmaceutical compositions containing a ligand for fibrinogen and/or fibrin, wherein the ligand is a peptide, classified in Class 514, subclass 18.
 - VI. Claim 18, drawn to pharmaceutical compositions containing a ligand for fibrinogen and/or fibrin, wherein the ligand is anti-fibrinogen antibodies, classified in Class 424, subclass 133.1.
 - VII. V. Claim 18, drawn to pharmaceutical compositions containing a ligand for fibringen and/or fibrin, wherein the ligand is anti-fibrin antibodies, classified in Class 424, subclass 133.1.

Claims 1 and 6 link inventions I,II and III. The restriction requirement among the linked inventions is subject to the nonallowance of the linking claims, claims 1 and 6. Upon the allowance of the linking claim, the restriction requirement as to the linked inventions shall be withdrawn and any claims depending from or otherwise including all the limitations of the allowable linking claims will be entitled to examination in the instant application. Applicants are advised that if any such claims depending from or including all the limitations of the allowable linking claim is presented in a continuation or

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divisional application, the claims of the continuation or divisional application may be subject to provisional statutory and/or nonstatutory double patenting rejections over the claims of the instant application. Where a restriction requirement is withdrawn, the provisions of 35 U.S.C. 121 are no longer applicable. *In re Ziegler*, 44 F.2d 1211, 1215, 170 USPQ 129, 131-32 (CCPA 1971). See also MPEP § 804.01.

- 3. Groups IV-VII are different products. Adsorber columns, peptides, and antibodies differ with respect to their structures and physicochemical properties; therefore each product is patentably distinct.
- 4. Groups I-III are different methods. Various method of treating differ with respect to ingredients (peptides and antibodies), method steps, and endpoints; therefore, each method is patentably distinct.
- 5. Groups (IV and V) and I are related as product and process of using. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case the adsorber column and peptide of Groups IV and V can be used for affinity purification of an antibody, in addition to the methods of treating recited.
- 6. These inventions are distinct for the reasons given above. In addition, they have acquired a separate status in the art as shown by different classification and/or recognized divergent subject matter. Further, even though in some cases the classification is shared, a different field of search would be required based upon the structurally distinct products recited and the various methods of use comprising distinct method steps. Therefore restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper. Further, a prior art search also requires a literature search. It is an undue burden for the examiner to search more than one invention.

Species Election

- 7. Irrespective of whichever group applicant may elect, applicant is further required under 35 US 121 (1) to elect a single disclosed species to which claims would be restricted if no generic claim is finally held to be allowable and (2) to list all claims readable thereon including those subsequently added.
 - A. If any one of Groups I-III is elected, applicant is required to elect a single specific microcirculatory disorder such as the one recited in claim 12. Further applicant is required to elect a single specific matrix such as the one recited in claim 9 or claim 11. These disorders are distinct because the pathological conditions differ in etiologies and therapeutic endpoints; thus each condition represents patentably distinct subject matter. The matrix are distinct species because their structures and physiochemical property are different.

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B. If Group I, IV or V is elected, applicant is required to elect a single specific peptide such as a) Gly-Pro-Arg-X or b) Gly-Pro-Arg-Pro-Lys. These peptides are distinct species because their structures and physiochemical property are different.

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Applicant is required under 35 U.S.C. § 121 to elect a single disclosed species for prosecution on the merits to which the claims shall be restricted if no generic claim is finally held to be allowable.

8. Applicant is advised that a response to this requirement must include an identification of the species that is elected consonant with this requirement, and a listing of all claims readable thereon, including any claims subsequently added. An argument that a claim is allowable or that all claims are generic is considered nonresponsive unless accompanied by an election.

Upon the allowance of a generic claim, applicant will be entitled to consideration of claims to additional species which are written in dependent form or otherwise include all the limitations of an allowed generic claim as provided by 37 C.F.R. § 1.141. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which are readable upon the elected species. M.P.E.P. § 809.02(a).

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. § 103 of the other invention.

- 9. Applicant is advised that the response to this requirement to be complete must include an election of the invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed.
- 10. The examiner has required restriction between product and process claims. Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and a product claim is subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be rejoined in accordance with the provisions of MPEP § 821.04. **Process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the patentable product** will be entered as a matter of right if the amendment is presented prior to final rejection or allowance, whichever is earlier. Amendments submitted after final rejection are governed by 37 CFR 1.116; amendments submitted after allowance are governed by 37 CFR 1.312.

In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103, and 112. Until an elected product claim is found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product

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claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowed product claim will not be rejoined. See "Guidance on Treatment of Product and Process Claims in light of *In re Ochiai, In re Brouwer* and 35 U.S.C. § 103(b)," 1184 O.G. 86 (March 26, 1996). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, Applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution either to maintain dependency on the product claims or to otherwise include the limitations of the product claims. Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder. Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01.

12. Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

1. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Maher Haddad whose telephone number is (571) 272-0845. The examiner can normally be reached Monday through Friday from 7:30 am to 4:00 pm. A message may be left on the examiner's voice mail service. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Christina Chan can be reached on (571) 272-0841. The fax number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

September 1, 2005

Maher Haddad, Ph.D. Patent Examiner

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Technology Center 1600